

JOKE ON WITNESS BOARDMAN

PLANNED BY SENATORS DIETRICH AND BEVERIDGE.

They Had Him to Lunch and Set Before Him Soup and Salmon Which He Praised—Same Food Soldiers Get Which He Told Committee Was "Rotten."

WASHINGTON, May 13.—George G. Boardman, a Kansas soldier recently returned from the Philippines, was made the victim to-day of a practical joke planned by Senator Dietrich of Nebraska, and executed by him with the assistance of Senator Beveridge of Indiana, which had a very disastrous effect upon Mr. Boardman's value as a witness as to conditions in the Philippines.

Last week Boardman testified before the Philippines Committee, having been summoned by Senator Lodge, the chairman, as a witness for the majority. He gave some testimony more or less important to the effect that the American army in the Philippines is all right and that the only cruelties he had seen practiced were committed by natives, generally upon some of their own associates.

To-day Boardman was called as a witness by the minority and as soon as he opened his mouth it was discovered that a great change had come over the spirit of his dreams during the few days' interval. To-day he could think of nothing but enough to say about the policy of the Government in the Philippines and the conduct of the American army. Everything was bad, he said, and nothing quite so bad as the way the soldier boys were treated by their superior officers and by the Government at Washington.

The Filipino prisoners, he said, were treated better than the soldier boys, and becoming warmed up on the wrongs the private soldiers were subjected to, he threw on the committee table two battered tin cans. They were samples, he said, of the kind of stuff that the United States soldiers were forced to eat in the Philippine army. One can he said, contained salmon and the other soup tables.

All of it was, in Boardman's opinion, rotten. He said the soldiers were revolted at it. The salmon was rotten, he said, although the can was hermetically sealed, and he wanted to know why it was the Government was so stupid as to let it be so.

The Republican members of the committee were very much astonished at Boardman's change of heart, and Senator Beveridge even ventured to suggest that he had been "seen" by minority members of the committee since his first testimony. The Indiana Senator stated that when he had charges to make he would make them direct and not by insinuations, and peace was restored before the committee adjourned.

When it was that Senator Dietrich, who is a member of the committee, got in his little joke. He said to Boardman that he would like to talk to him informally about matters in the Philippines, and asked if he would not take lunch with him and Senator Beveridge in the Senate restaurant. The Kansas soldier accepted almost to death and promptly accepted the invitation.

A delicious soup was served, afterward a salmon salad, and Boardman could hardly find fitting words in which to express his admiration for the fine quality of both. He was particularly enthusiastic in his praise of the salmon salad. It reminded him strongly of the kind the Government tried to make the soldiers eat in the Philippines—because it was so different. The soup was properly seasoned, he said, and just the thing that would put vim into a soldier if he could get it out in the Philippines, where the boys had to eat canned slop.

At the conclusion of the luncheon Boardman again expressed his appreciation of the bill of fare, and Senator Dietrich told him, with a twinkle in his eye, that he was pleased to hear him praise what he had to eat, as it was the Government's fault that the cans thrown on the committee room table and described as rotten and unfit for food.

Boardman said to the Senate Committee after the massacre at Balangiga the natives became very offensive, but after the issuing of Gen. Smith's order to burn and kill the natives they began to quiet down. He said that that order had become a necessity to save the lives of the American soldiers.

Being questioned as to the general treatment of peaceful Filipinos by the American officers and soldiers, the witness said: "The whole tendency of the army was to make the men anything but pleasant toward the natives, because every soldier realized that war is hell, and they were going to give the Filipinos hell. The soldiers were to treat them kindly; but an officer will not object if a man is hungry to his going into a native's hut and getting food."

"What do you mean?" the witness was asked by Senator Patterson, "when you say that the soldiers proposed to give the Filipinos hell?"

"I mean," the witness answered, "that the men have become dissatisfied with this putting-off business, and that if the authorities do not stop this war, they will. The soldiers understand that war is hell, and that we are given guns and ammunition to use."

Senator Patterson—You said something about your not liking to testify against comrades. What did you mean?

Witness—I do not involve any of my comrades. There is a great feeling among the men against the officers because the men believe that the officers are parties to the prolongation of the war. The soldiers do not like Gov. Taft, but they do like Gen. Chaffee, and there appears to be a division between Gen. Chaffee and Gov. Taft.

NAVAL BILL IN THE HOUSE.

Its Consideration Will Take Several Days—Committee Assignments.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The House entered upon the consideration of the Naval Appropriation bill to-day and heard the speeches of Mr. Foss (Rep., Ill.), chairman of the committee on Naval Affairs, and of Mr. Hixson (Dem., Va.) of the committee. It is likely that the bill will be before the House for the rest of the week.

The conference report upon the omnibus claims bill was rejected by the House upon a point of order, for the reason that the conferees had included three claims which had not been considered by either the Senate or the House. A further conference was requested and the House conferees were instructed to wait upon their disagreement to the Senate amendment providing for the payment of what are known as the Bedford Board claims.

Speaker Henderson announced the following committee assignments: Foreign Affairs, Capron of Rhode Island; Insular Affairs, Olmstead of Pennsylvania; Naval Affairs, Lessor of New York; Banking and Currency, Moss of Kentucky; Revision of the Laws, Tresselt of Massachusetts.

WOULD RAISE THE MAINE.

Mason's Plan to Reach "A Definite Conclusion as to How Vessel Was Destroyed."

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Senator Mason has introduced a bill for raising the wreck of the battleship Maine at Havana harbor for the purpose of arriving at a definite conclusion as to how the vessel was destroyed.

It provides for the appointment of a commission to be composed of "Three eminent experts such as Admiral Dewey, Lieut. Hobson and Capt. Sigbee, or three others of equal ability," to superintend the work of raising the vessel, so that the country may be satisfied with their findings as to how the Maine was blown up.

The bill appropriates \$100,000 for removing the wreck and \$50,000 for the expenses of the commission.

LESSER SUCCEEDS CUMMINGS

On House Naval Affairs Committee—Democratic Row to No Purpose.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Speaker Henderson to-day appointed Representative Montague Lesser to be a member of the Committee on Naval Affairs in place of the late Amos J. Cummings.

This puts an end to the contest between Representatives Belmont and Fitzgerald for the place. Mr. Lesser received a double honor to-day, he being asked to preside over the House during roll call. He bore himself with great credit as presiding officer.

Lewis Nixon, the temporary head of Tammany Hall, seems to have taken it for granted that because Mr. Cummings was appointed from the Representatives of that organization in the House, and at the Cummings funeral he made his wish known to several of the New York delegation that O. H. P. Belmont should receive the place.

To his surprise he found that Representative Fitzgerald of Brooklyn, who had for a long time kept an eye upon the Naval Committee, had been before him and nearly all the members of the New York delegation had signed a request to the Speaker that Fitzgerald be appointed.

Mr. Cramer of New York also wished the place and secured the indorsement of Representative Sulzer. Consequently, there was no one left to indorse Mr. Belmont at Mr. Nixon's request, except Representative Fitzgerald and Cramer, both of them candidates. The fact was overlooked that the Naval Committee is the only committee of the House which had seven Democrats and only ten Republicans. Hereafter the committee will stand eleven Republicans and six Democrats.

Mr. Lesser's appointment will doubtless be of material assistance to him in his new campaign.

CRUMPACKER PLAN GOES OVER

Investigation of Abridgment of the Right of Suffrage Is Postponed.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Although no formal announcement has been made, it has been practically decided that the Crumacker resolution for the investigation of the abridgment of the right of suffrage shall go over until the next session of Congress, and some notice to this effect is likely to be given this week.

While the Republican caucus favored the resolution and the committee on Rules has agreed to report a rule for consideration, there is considerable opposition to the measure in the House among the Republicans and there are a number who would prefer that nothing should be done unless the investigation is to be followed by other action in case the Constitutional provisions are found to have been violated.

A poll of the House practically demonstrated that at this session the resolution could not be adopted, but its friends hope that next winter, after the elections are out of the way, it will go through.

GEN. CHAFFEE REPORTS.

He Thinks Further Hostilities With Moros Will Not Be Necessary.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—A report from Major-Gen. Chaffee regarding the troubles with the Moros of Mindanao was received by the War Department to-day. It is dated Manila, but was evidently sent through that place from the interior of Mindanao, whither Gen. Chaffee went last week to consult with Brig-Gen. Davis. The dispatch follows:

MANILA, 13.

Adjutant-General, Washington: May 12.—Seen here past three days studying situation with Brig-Gen. George W. Chaffee. Think two battalions should remain if they can be supplied.

Gen. Chaffee's report was very different from the one which was given to the War Department. He said that the Moros were very friendly and that he believed we remain more powerful. Dates will come in when we can get the Moros to give us some indications further hostilities will not be necessary unless provoked by Moros. Several cases of murder and kidnapping were reported, but he believed that these were necessary, wholesome lessons which do not harm the Moros.

Gen. Chaffee's report was very different from the one which was given to the War Department. He said that the Moros were very friendly and that he believed we remain more powerful. Dates will come in when we can get the Moros to give us some indications further hostilities will not be necessary unless provoked by Moros.

Gen. Chaffee's report was very different from the one which was given to the War Department. He said that the Moros were very friendly and that he believed we remain more powerful. Dates will come in when we can get the Moros to give us some indications further hostilities will not be necessary unless provoked by Moros.

NOMINATED BY PRESIDENT.

Several Consuls Named—Appointments in the Army.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The President sent to the Senate to-day the following nominations:

To be Consul—Benjamin Johnston of Iowa, at Cuba; Hon. J. B. Smith of Ohio, at Hong Kong; Alfred R. Mon of New Jersey, at Fukuoka, Japan; Hon. W. M. Martin of New York, at Shanghai, China; Henry H. Morgan of Louisiana, at Lyons, France.

To be Consul-General—Hugh Pittman of Pennsylvania, at Hamburg, Germany; Soren Listoe of Minnesota, at Stockholm, Sweden; Anne R. Norman of New York, at Munich, Bavaria.

To be Secretary of Legation and Consul-General—Gordon Padlock of Ohio, at Seoul, Korea.

First Lieutenant—Frank G. J. Wadsworth and Walter S. Howland of Massachusetts; Alexander H. Hinkle of Wisconsin; and William H. Cushman of New York, in the Revenue Cutter Service.

Army—To be Major—James H. James, Jr., of New York, in the Fifteenth Infantry; and Hunter Light, of New York, in the Fifteenth Infantry.

To be Major—First Lieutenant—Henry M. Dismore, Seventh Infantry, and Halstead Dorr, Fourth Infantry.

To be Sergeant—Post Quartermaster—Sergeant—Sylvia A. Campbell, of New York, in the District of Columbia; and Clarence Hale of Portland.

FALLING OFF IN EXPORTS.

Imports Increase, Lessening the Balance of Trade in Our Favor.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The exports of the United States for the ten months ended April 30 aggregated in value \$1,190,155,474, which was a falling off of \$70,361,143 compared with those for the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year.

The imports, on the other hand, which amounted to \$784,517,235 show a comparative increase of \$78,292,220. The balance of trade in favor of the United States for that period was \$405,638,240 or \$118,637,063 less than for the nine months of 1901.

BILL FOR CUBAN COMMISSION.

Appropriating \$3,000,000 With Which to Relieve Distresses in the Island.

TO REVIEW RATHBONE'S CASE.

CUBA'S LAW OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE TO BE AMENDED.

So as to Permit the Supreme Court of the Island to Review the Trial—Roosevelt Does Not Pass on Merits of Case, Nor Does Root Review Testimony.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The President has authorized Gen. Wood at Havana to amend the law of criminal procedure in Cuba so as to permit the Supreme Court of the island to review the trial of Major Rathbone. This, it is explained by officials here, does not mean the granting of a new trial to Major Rathbone.

The President does not pass upon the merits of the case nor does Secretary Root review the testimony. This is left to the Supreme Court of Cuba, which could not, under the present law, review the case.

The Cuban Constitution provides that all laws existing before the promulgation of the Constitution shall continue in effect after the withdrawal of the United States from the island. As the Constitution has not yet been promulgated the amendment authorized by the President will continue operative after May 20. Secretary Root has written Gen. Wood the following letter:

COUNCIL FOR DEFENDANT RATHBONE in the Post Office has presented to the President an application for a writ of habeas corpus for the purpose of securing a new trial of his case.

The procedure followed, and some relating to the merits of the case, as a reason for urging action by the President, is alleged, among other things, that the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court on appeal is so limited that it will be unable to review the trial of Rathbone. The President desires to give the full consideration required by the arguments presented, but in view of the fact that the Constitution of Cuba is not yet in force, he is unable to do so.

The President desires to give the full consideration required by the arguments presented, but in view of the fact that the Constitution of Cuba is not yet in force, he is unable to do so. The President desires to give the full consideration required by the arguments presented, but in view of the fact that the Constitution of Cuba is not yet in force, he is unable to do so.

The President desires to give the full consideration required by the arguments presented, but in view of the fact that the Constitution of Cuba is not yet in force, he is unable to do so. The President desires to give the full consideration required by the arguments presented, but in view of the fact that the Constitution of Cuba is not yet in force, he is unable to do so.

The President desires to give the full consideration required by the arguments presented, but in view of the fact that the Constitution of Cuba is not yet in force, he is unable to do so. The President desires to give the full consideration required by the arguments presented, but in view of the fact that the Constitution of Cuba is not yet in force, he is unable to do so.

CRUMPACKER PLAN GOES OVER

Investigation of Abridgment of the Right of Suffrage Is Postponed.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Although no formal announcement has been made, it has been practically decided that the Crumacker resolution for the investigation of the abridgment of the right of suffrage shall go over until the next session of Congress, and some notice to this effect is likely to be given this week.

While the Republican caucus favored the resolution and the committee on Rules has agreed to report a rule for consideration, there is considerable opposition to the measure in the House among the Republicans and there are a number who would prefer that nothing should be done unless the investigation is to be followed by other action in case the Constitutional provisions are found to have been violated.

MORE LAND AT FORT NIAGARA.

Enlargement of the Reservation Made Necessary.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Secretary Root to-day directed the appointment of a board of officers to meet at Fort Niagara, N. Y., Monday, May 19, for the purpose of examining into and reporting upon the proposed enlargement of the military reservation at Fort Niagara.

The board will consist of Captains William H. Coffey, Eleventh Infantry, and Captain Henry E. Ladd, Quartermaster's Department, and Lewis S. Gorley, Fourth Infantry.

The enlargement of the reservation is made necessary by reason of the purpose of the Department to increase the garrison at that post to eight companies of Infantry and two companies of Artillery.

The board is instructed to report upon the amount of land actually required and its cost.

COGHIAN LEAVES NAVY YARD.

He May Go to North Atlantic Squadron or to League Island.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghian, recently promoted, was today ordered detached from duty as Captain of the New York Navy Yard and assigned to temporary special duty in Washington.

Admiral Coghian has the choice of becoming second in command of the North Atlantic Squadron or Commandant of the League Island Navy Yard.

PANAMA CANAL DIRECTOR HERE.

Bound to France on Vacation—Canal Work Is Going Ahead on the French Plan.

Capt. Louis Royer, director-general of the Panama Canal, arrived here on the steamer Atlantic City yesterday afternoon. He is next Thursday. Mr. Royer is a Captain in the Engineer Corps of the French Army. He has been at work on the canal for five years.

In a statement last night Capt. Royer said that work on the canal is going ahead on the French plan. He said that the French plan provides for a canal with a lock at each end, and that the French plan provides for a canal with a lock at each end.

Capt. Royer said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal.

Capt. Royer said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal.

Capt. Royer said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal.

Capt. Royer said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal.

Capt. Royer said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal. He said that the company was no longer at work on the canal.

\$20,000 SALARY FOR FREEMAN?

The City to Pay Half and Private Citizens Half.

Several members of the Merchants' Association have been approached by Commissioner Dougherty of the Department of Water Supply to see if they cannot make some arrangement whereby he will be enabled to get the services of John R. Freeman, the civil engineer of Providence, R. I., as chief engineer of his department.

Mr. Dougherty wants to have Mr. Freeman succeed Mr. Birrell, the present chief engineer, but the \$20,000 salary does not tempt Mr. Freeman, who makes twice that now.

"Mayor Low was approached on the subject," said a member of the association yesterday, "and he could see no objection to the arrangement that has been proposed. As I understand, Mr. Freeman is to be appointed, and he will receive from friends of the association a sum equal to the difference between the \$10,000 salary that the city will pay him and the amount that the fee he is receiving in his private practice amounts to."

An Assistant Corporation Counsel said last evening that such an arrangement would not be tolerated by the law for a moment.

COL. DU VAL HAD TO FLEE.

Eager Republicans Crowd Him Out of His Happy Brooklyn Home.

Col. Horace C. Du Val is not to be Executive Committee of the Kings county Republican organization for the First Assembly district in place of Michael J. Dady. The delegates of the district and the leading Republicans of Kings county have requested Col. Du Val to accept the leadership and become one of the Republican powers in the Heavenly borough.

Col. Du Val told the delegates and the Republican brethren yesterday that he was quite impossible for him to take the place. He is being compelled to leave his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

Col. Du Val was compelled to flee seven extra miles and three additional men were required to escort him out of his home. The delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home at 8 Monroe place and flee to the Plaza Hotel, New York. When a couple of months ago, the Republicans of Kings county announced that they wanted Col. Du Val to be the Executive Committee of this most important Assembly district, the delegates began to crowd him out of his happy home.

MOB RULE IN PORT AU PRINCE

SEVERAL KILLED IN RIOTING IN HAYTI'S CAPITAL.

President Sam Fies Country and His Cabinet Take Refuge in the U. S. Legation—The Topeka Ordered There to Protect American Interests.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Important official advice about political conditions in Hayti came to the State Department to-day from William L. Powell, the United States Minister at Port au Prince. President Sam has fled the country and some of his cabinet have taken refuge in the United States legation. A revolutionary army is marching on Port au Prince, where a mob apparently has possession.

In consequence of this disquieting information the Navy Department to-day ordered the cruiser Topeka from Port Royal, S. C., to Port au Prince to protect American interests.

The advice from Minister Powell were dated Port au Prince to-day and were as follows: "The Chambers have been closed by a mob. Much fighting ensued; one Deputy minister was killed and several others were wounded. The population attacked the palace and the arsenal last night. Several were killed and wounded. The diplomatic corps, including the President at 12 o'clock to-day. The Minister for Foreign Affairs and the Minister of War have taken refuge in American legation."

"Firmly with his army is marching on Port au Prince. Great excitement prevails at Port au Prince and business is suspended for the present."

Firmly is the late Minister of Hayti in Paris, who recently fled at Capt. Hayti, and, proclaiming himself a candidate for President, proceeded to organize an army to overthrow the Government.

Congress met in Port au Prince on Monday and received the resignation of President Sam. Government troops were placed in the building and although there was a demand that they be withdrawn, the President of the House refused to issue the order on the ground that it was necessary to have the military present to protect Congress. A scene of great disorder followed and Congress was dissolved without electing a successor to President Sam.

Fighting in the streets followed and lasted for an hour, resulting in a victory for the opponents of the Government. The troops surrendered at the arsenal and the revolutionists